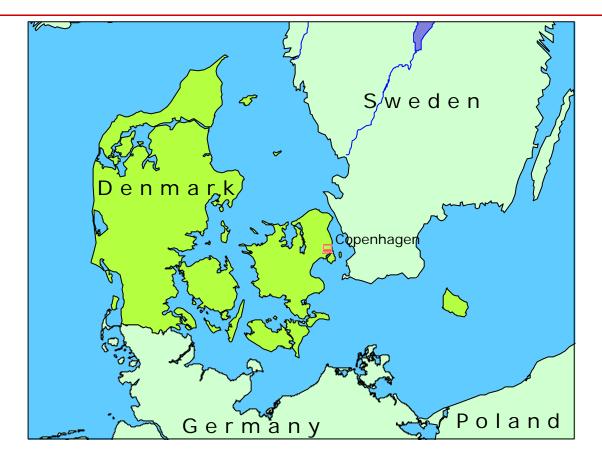
Modernisation of topographical maps



Design and implementation of automatic generalisation in a new production environment

Kort & Matrikelstyrelsen 掉

Overview

- Establishment of a new production system
- Implementation of required generalisation processes for 1:50.000.
- Establishment of a generalisation workflow
- Conclusion



Requirements for production system

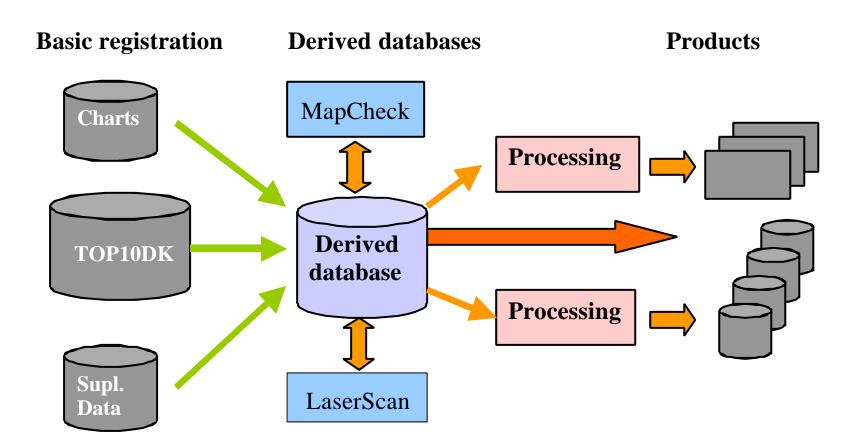
- One flexible system for the production of existing and new map products The central database is the *main key*..
- Open interface between the databases and the software tools to be used for the production.
- The software tools for the generalisation and the editing support selected part of the TOP10DK data model.
- The software tools and the production processes from earlier production system of paper maps, will be retained.



Design of production system – 1. version

ELSING

Tulstrup

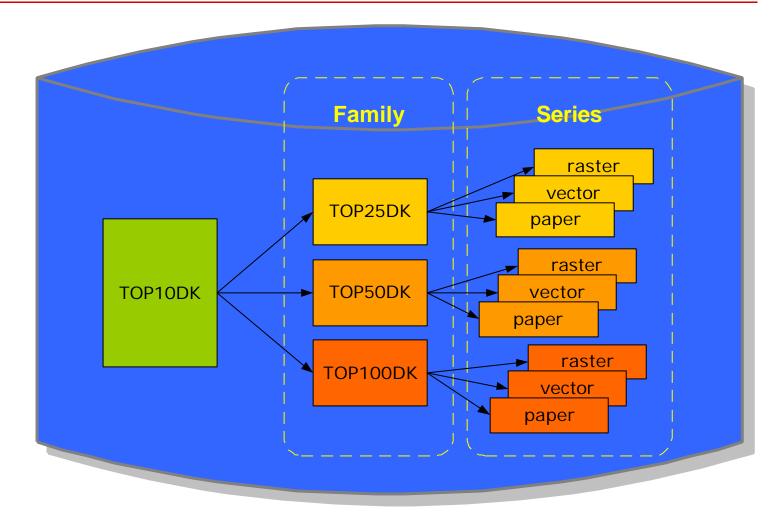




Design of the derived database

HELSING

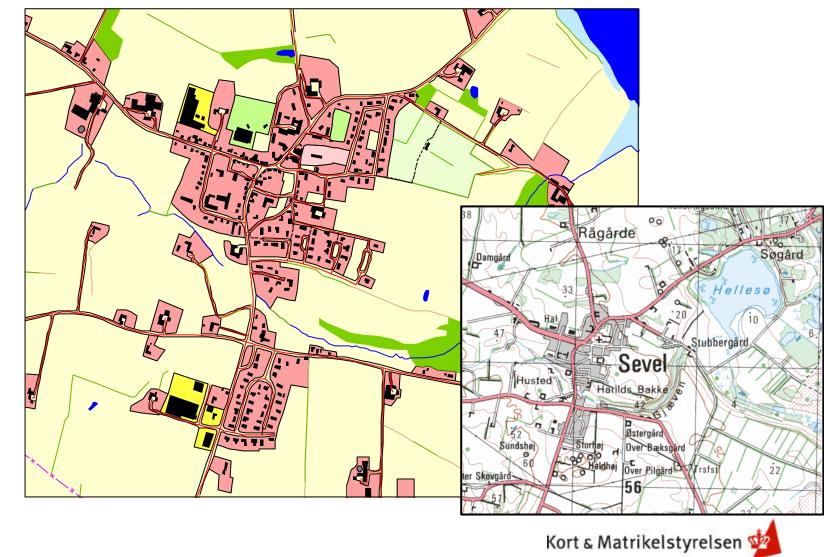
Tulstrup







From 1:10.000 to 1:50.000



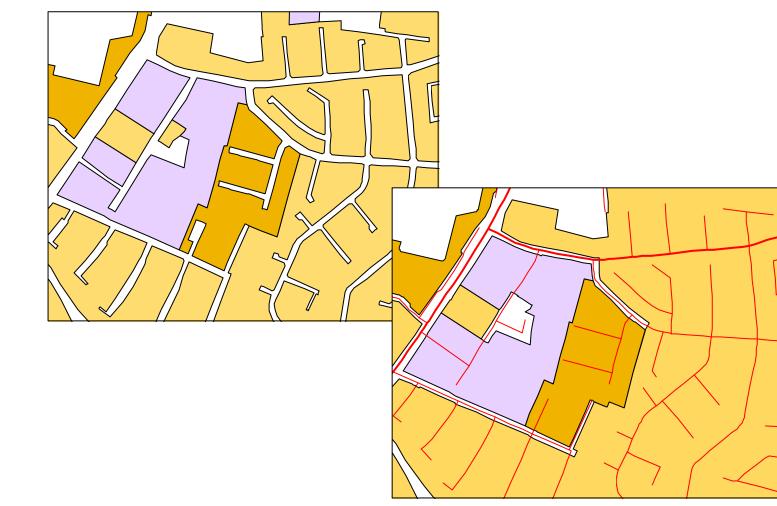
Required generalisation processes for D/50

- Generalisation of areas in TOP10DK the areas are specified not to cross the roads, so they are divided along the roads.
- Generalisation of roads parallel road centerlines have to be collapsed. Small roads/-parts have to be deleted.
- Generalisation of buildings different rules for urban and rural areas.





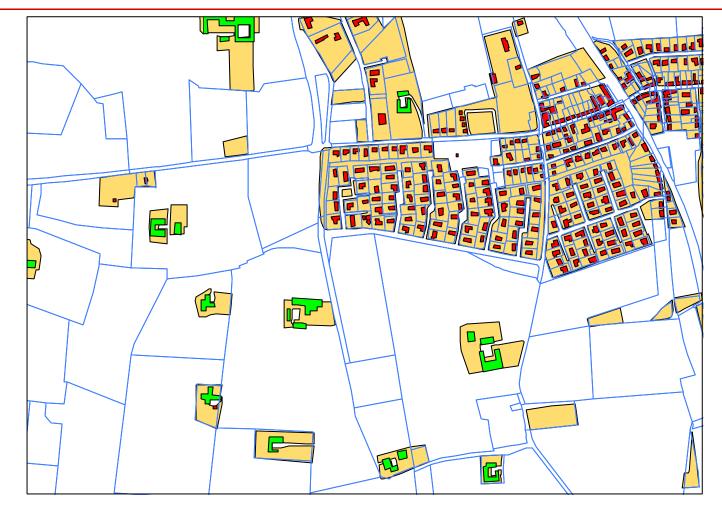
Generalisation of the areas







Selection of buildings

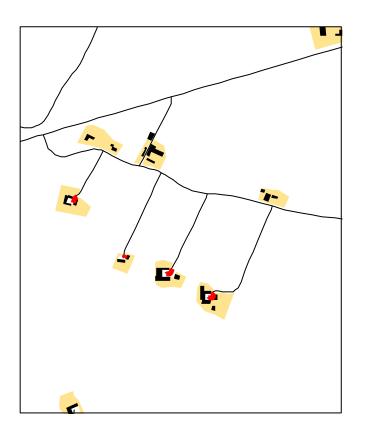






Selection of roads



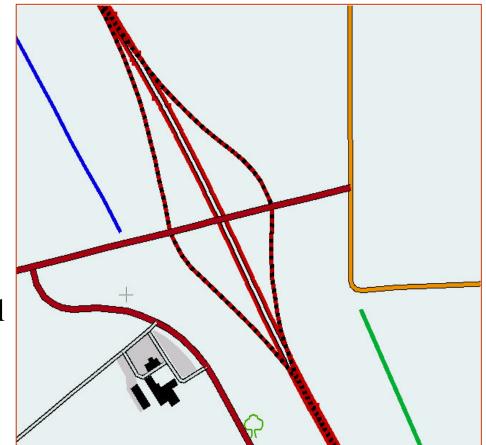






Generalisation of the larger roads

- Identify sliproads and reclassify sliproads
- Collapse the road centerlines
- Reestablish the topological relation between the collapsed roads and the other roads.





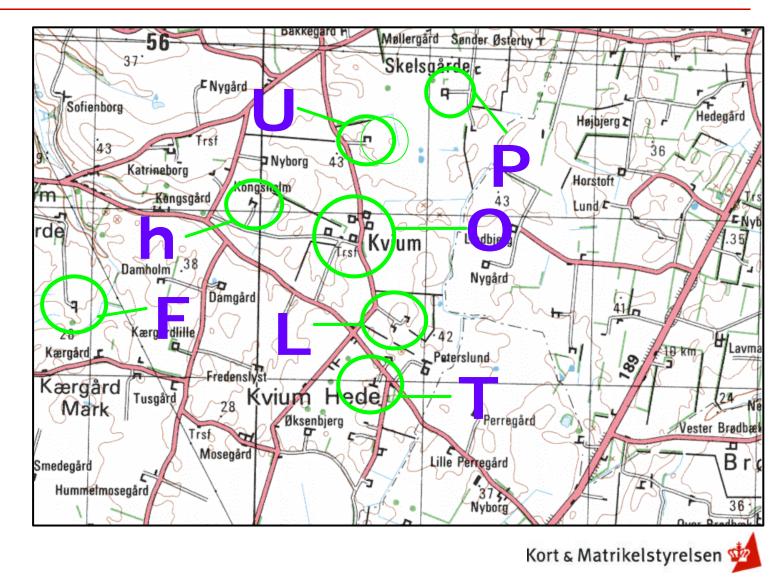
Generalisation of the buildings

- Using *Agent technology* for solving conflicts during simplification and displacement of buildings.
- Setting up constraints for how to simplify and displace buildings or cluster of buildings in a block.
- Symbolization of buildings between 25-400 m2 as rectangles or quadrants.
- Farms: simplification or symbolisation by using letter-templates as O-, U-, L-, T-, h, P-, I, or F-shapes.



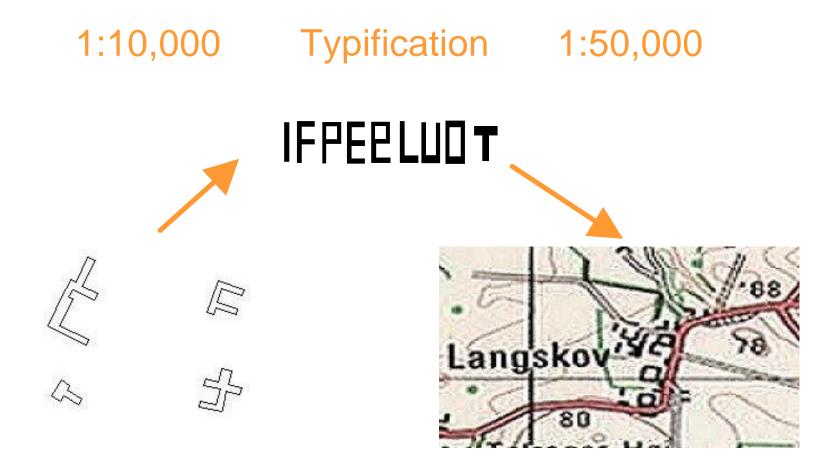


Farm templates in D/50



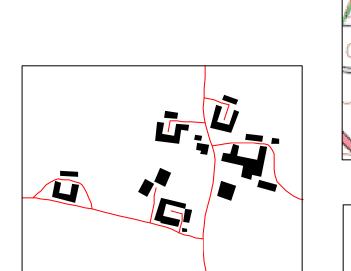


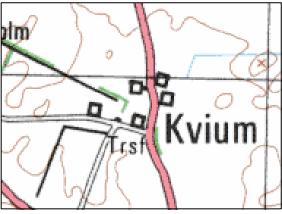
Use of farm templates

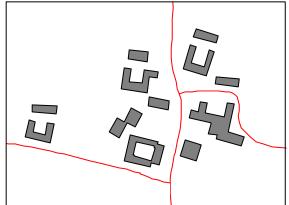




Simplification and displacement - farms



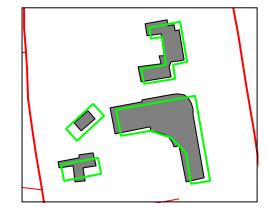


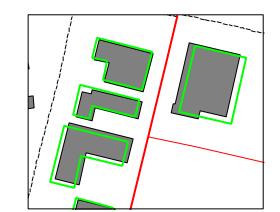






Simplification and displacement

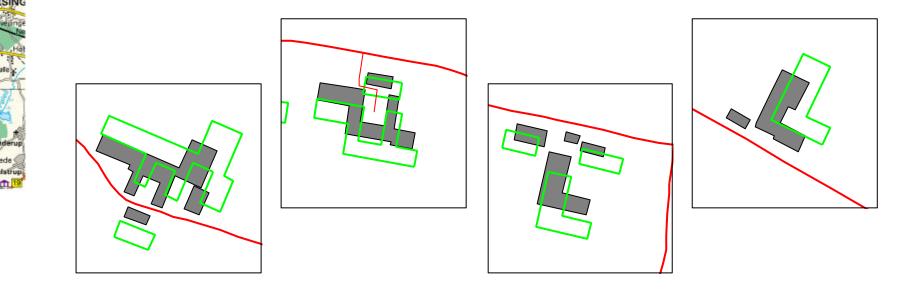








Simplification and displacement - farms





Workflow for D/50 paper map

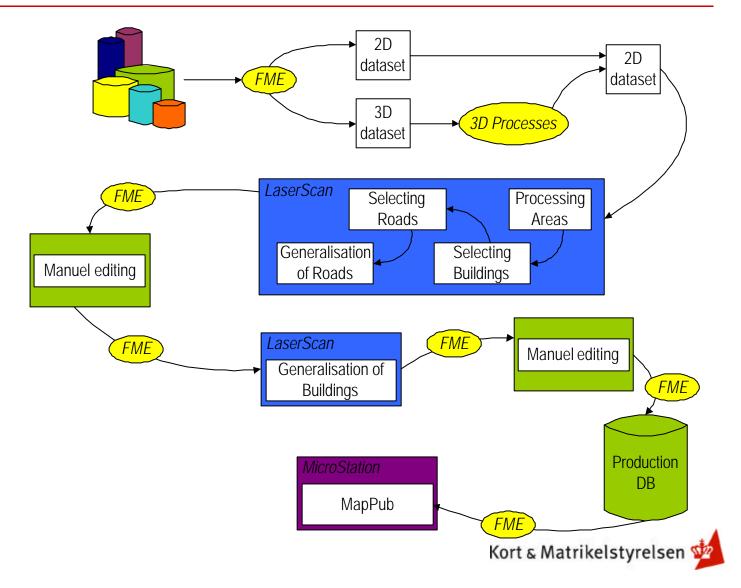
Smidstrug

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Alsonde

Nejede Tulstrup



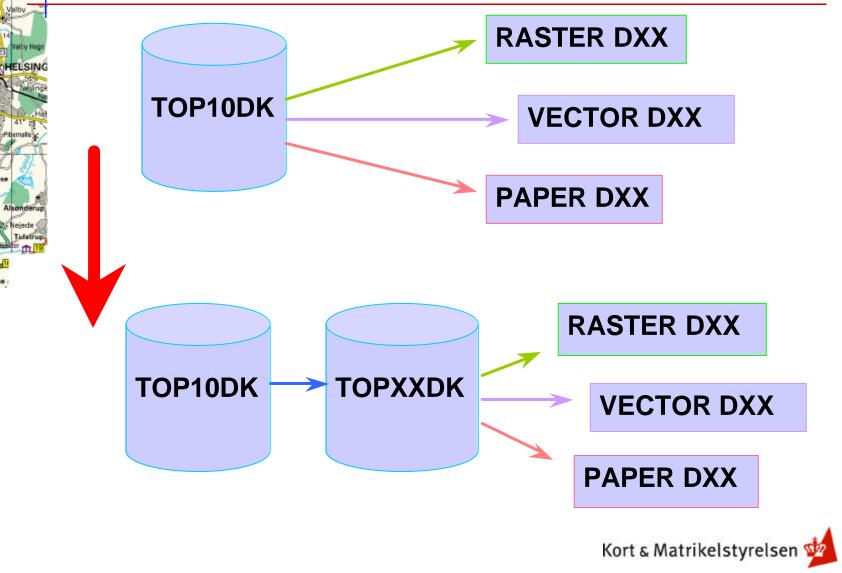


Conclusion

- The framework for a flexible production system is established.
- Further improvement:
 - Specify datamodels for the derived datasets.
 - Handling automatic nameplacement.
 - Implementation of updating processes.
 - Implement full automatical processes for basic derived datasets (Families)
- The future work:
 - Co-operation with the three main partners Universities - Software suppliers – NMA's









Basic and product datasets

Basic derived dataset – TOPxxDK

- Specific requirements to datastructure
- Uniform derivation
- Full automatic generalisation
- References to the basic dataset TOP10DK
- Basic for the cartographic generalisation

• Product derived dataset – Raster, vector, paper

- Requirements to datastructur depend on product
- Derivation will be done in different tools
- Both automatic and manual generalisation
- References to the master dataset TOPxxDK

