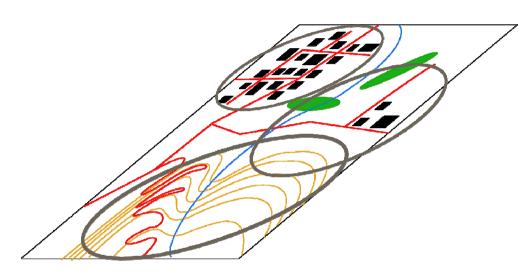




Relevant Space Partitioning for Collaborative Generalisation



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COGIT Lab

IGN France

ICA Workshop - 13/09/2010

Presentation Outline

- Collaborative Generalisation Framework
- Defining Geographic Spaces
- Geographic Spaces Neighbourhood
- Finding the Best Outline?
- Conclusion and Further Work

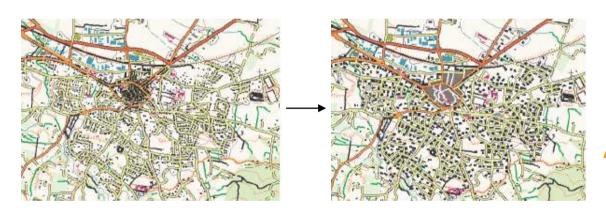


Background



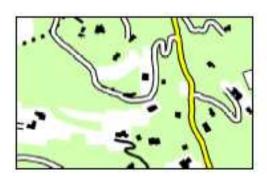
Many automatic cartographic generalisation processes But...

Adapted to a specific *landscape*



AGENT [Ruas 99], [Barrault et al 01]

Adapted to urban areas





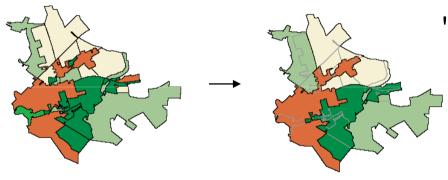
CartACom [Duchêne 04]
Adapted to rural areas



Background

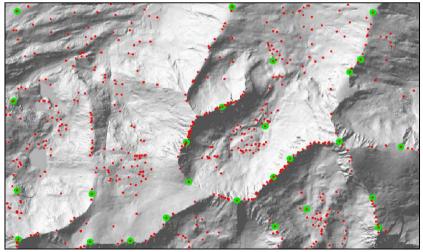


Adapted to a specific theme



"MIP aggregation" [Haunert 08]

Adapted to Land Use



[Baella et al 07]

Adapted to Spot Heights

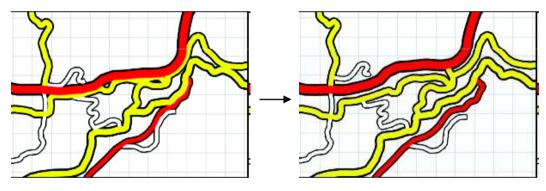


Background



Many automatic cartographic generalisation processes But...

Adapted to a specific *conflict*



Elastic Beams [Bader 01]

Adapted to line symbol overlapping conflicts

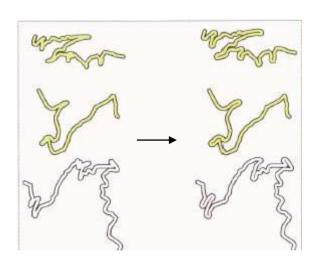


But...

Background



Adapted to a *mix* of landscape, theme and conflict



AGENT [Ruas 99], [Barrault et al 01]

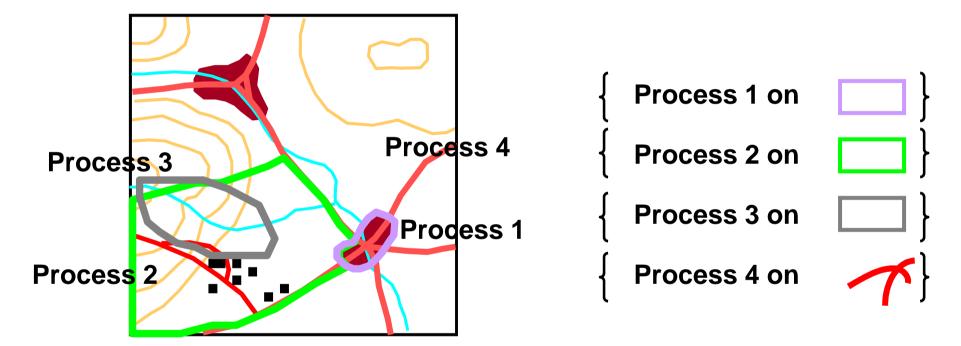
Adapted to mountain roads



Collaborative Generalisation Framework

INSTITUT GEOGRAPHIQUE NATIONAL

Make generalisation processes collaborate



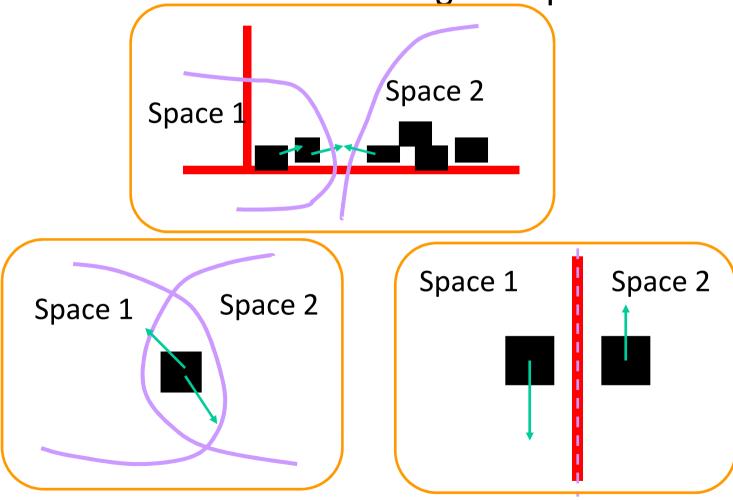
Collaborative Generalisation



Collaborative Generalisation Framework



Potential side effects at the edge of spaces



More on Collaborative Generalisation at GIScience Friday morning



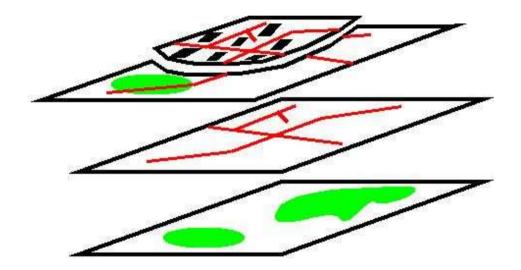
- Collaborative Generalisation Framework
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Defining Geographic Spaces



a geographically meaningful extract of the data that can be a relevant input for a given generalisation process



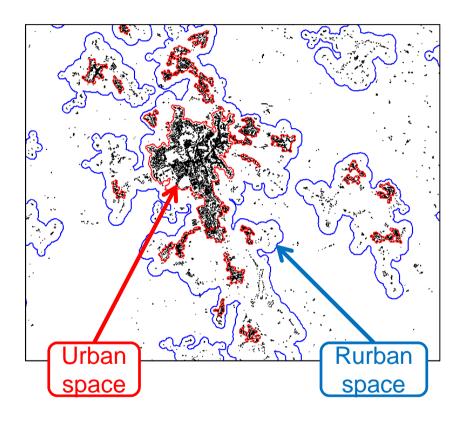
- Areal (urban area, mountain area...)
- Thematic (road network, vegetation...)
 - Mixed (mountain roads...)

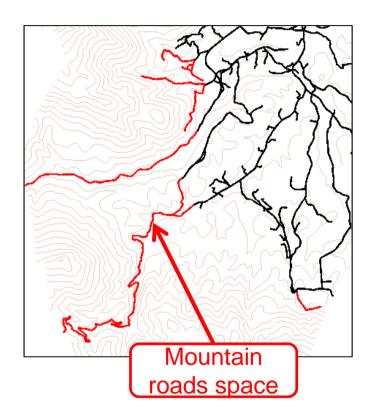


Defining Geographic Spaces



Examples of geographic spaces









Collaborative Generalisation Framework

Plan

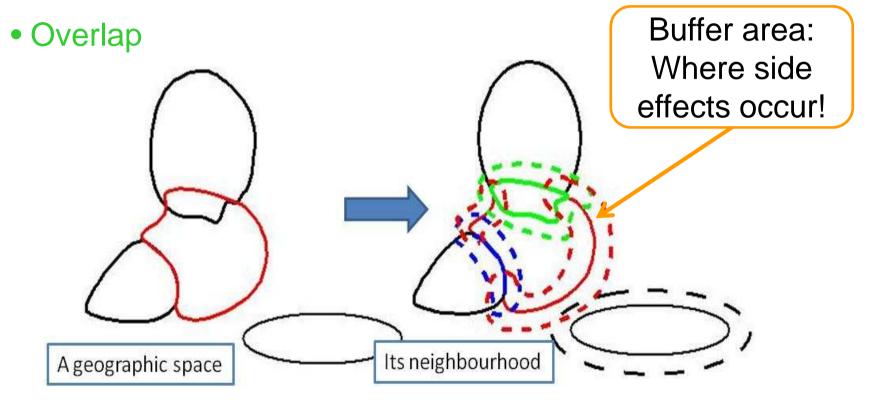
- Defining Geographic Spaces
- Geographic Spaces Neighbourhood
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3 Types of Neighbourhood:

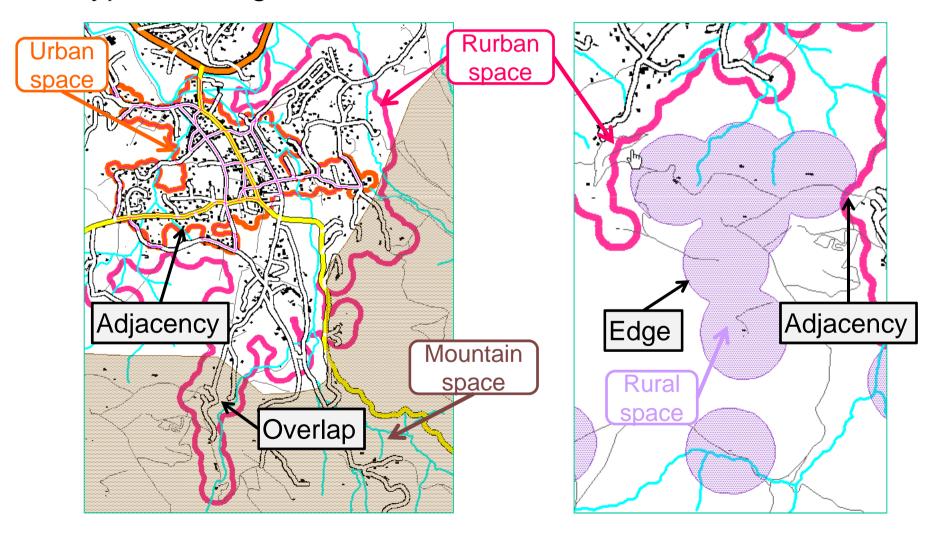
- Simple edge
- Adjacency







3 Types of Neighbourhood:

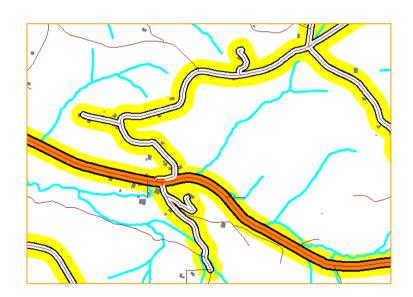




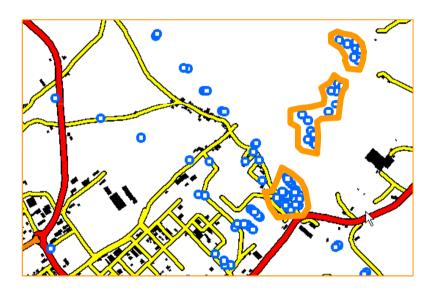


Neighbourhood for Thematic Spaces

What is the outline of a road network when the outside is the place that suffers side effects?



Road network



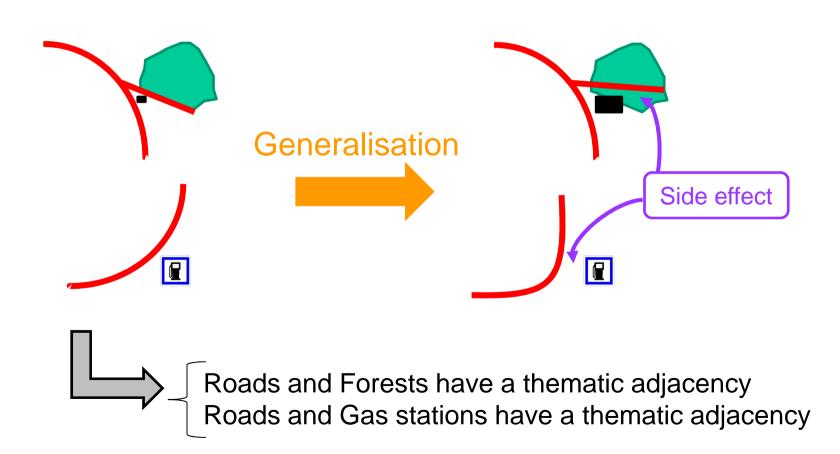
Smokestacks layer





Functional Thematic Neighbourhood between two themes:

Moving one theme impacts the other









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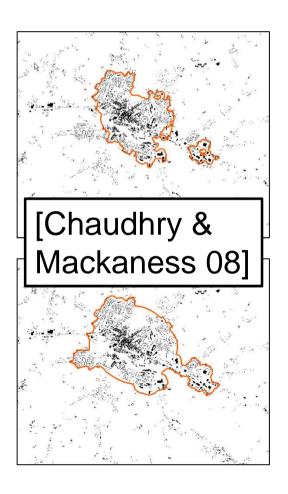


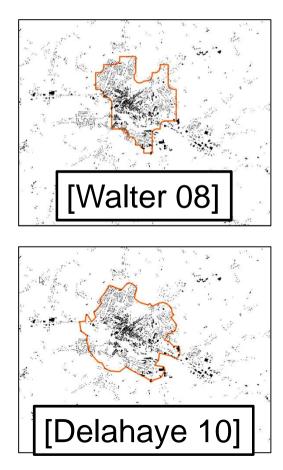
Finding the Best Outline?

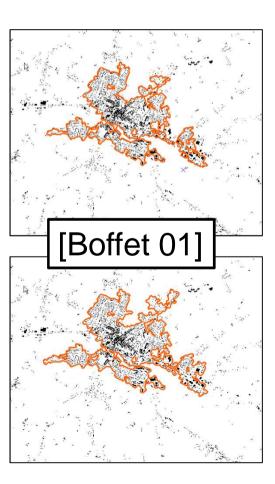


Many outlines possible for vague spaces e.g. Urban spaces

Analyse Sensitivity to outline choice









Conclusion



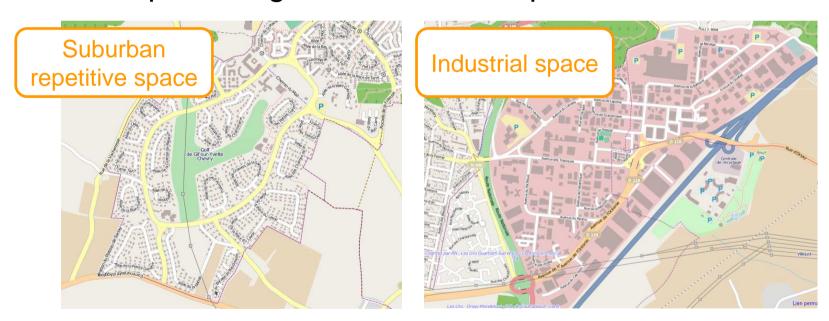
- Collaborative Generalisation needs to partition data in relevant spaces
- The spaces neighbourhood allows to manage side effects

- Delineating thematic spaces is not an easy task!
- The choice of the algorithm to delineate vague spaces is critical



Further Work

- Analyse more into details the sensitivity to outlines
- Experiment side effects detection and correction
- Develop new algorithms for new spaces

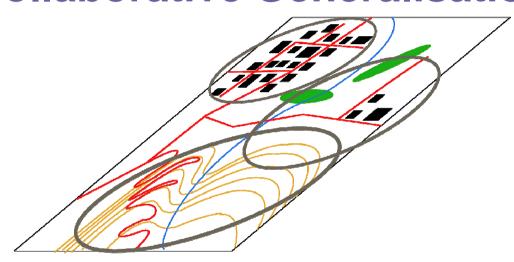


• Finalise the *CollaGen* prototype





Relevant Space Partitioning for Collaborative Generalisation



Thanks for your attention! Questions?

Guillaume Touya