

Using Conflation for Keeping Data Harmonized and Up-to-date

Dan Lee

Esri Inc., Redlands, California, USA

dlee@esri.com

Agenda

- 1. Conflation for data harmonization
- 2. Conflation tools and workflows
- 3. Conflation scenarios
- 4. Work and research in progress
- 5. Conclusions

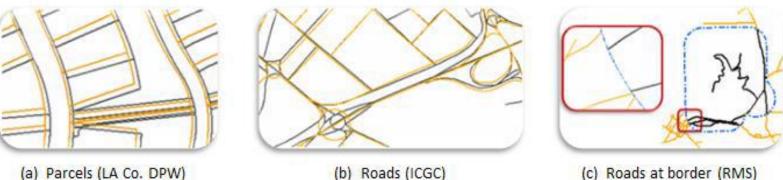
1. Conflation for data harmonization

Needs from NMAs and GIS organizations

- Gathering needed information from various data sources
- Building and updating comprehensive, consistent, reliable databases for multi-purposes and collaborative work

Challenges

- Spatial and attribute discrepancies in multi-source datasets
- Lack of efficient tools to harmonize overlapping and adjacent datasets



(b) Roads (ICGC)

(c) Roads at border (RMS)

Conflation

- > Identifies corresponding features
- > Makes spatial adjustments and attribute transfer
- Ultimately reconciles overlapping and adjacent datasets for the best accuracy, completeness, and consistency
- Helps keep data harmonized and up-to-date
- > Optimizes data quality and usability

Example efforts in automation

- For hydrographic data (Stanislawski et al, 2002)
- > For road data (Li and Liu 2012; Abdolmajidi et al, 2014)

2. Conflation tools and workflows

Our initial focuses

- Developing tools in Geoprocessing framework, aiming at high feature matching accuracy (not promising 100%)
- Starting with linear features (roads, parcel lines, etc.)
- Providing information to facilitate post-processing
- > Building workflows

ArcGIS 10.2.1

ArcToolbox Data Management Tools Data Comparison Detect Feature Changes Editing Tools Editing Tools Conflation Conflation Generate Edgematch Links Generate Rubbersheet Links Rubbersheet Features Transfer Attributes

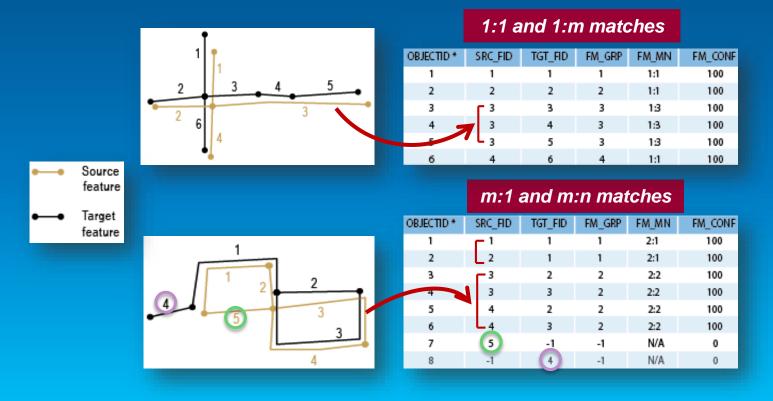
For overlapping datasets

Feature matching (FM)

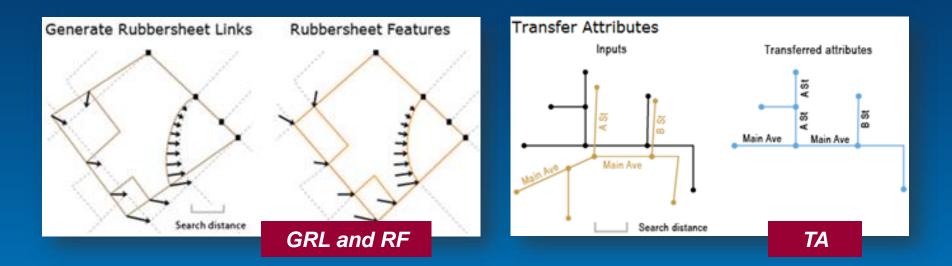
Based on proximity, topology, pattern and similarity analysis, and optional attributes

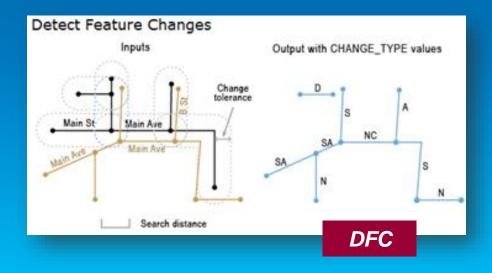
Match table

Storing match information



Three FM-based tools

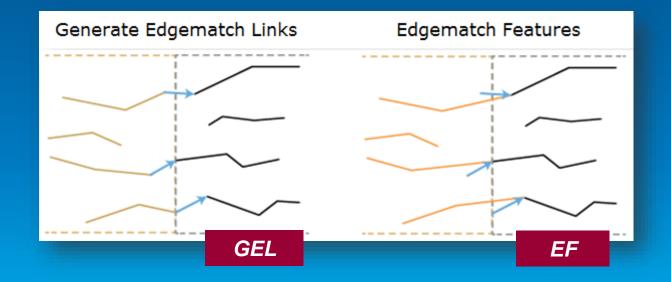




For adjacent datasets

Edgematching (EM)

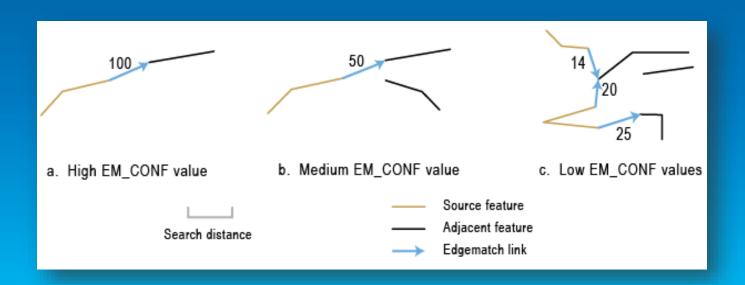
 Based on proximity, topology, continuity, and attributes (optional) analysis



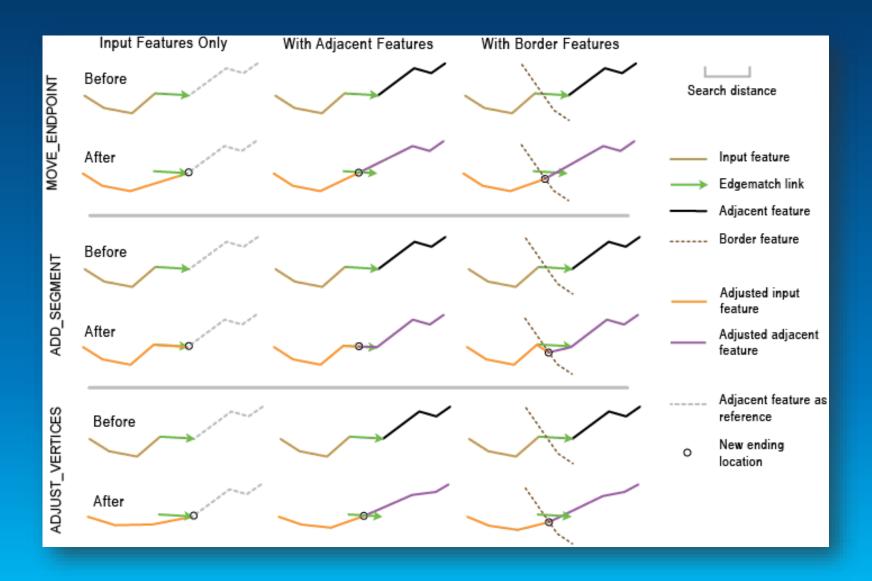
Edgematch links

- Linking source --> target
- EM_CONF: the higher value the stronger match (less ambiguity)

emLinks					
	OBJECTID *	SHAPE *	SRC_FID	TGT_FID	EM_CONF
	33	Polyline	923	3577	100
	34	Polyline	936	3323	100
	35	Polyline	963	2667	50
	36	Polyline	986	3071	100
	37	Polyline	987	3117	11
	38	Polyline	992	690	100
	39	Polyline	1002	590	33

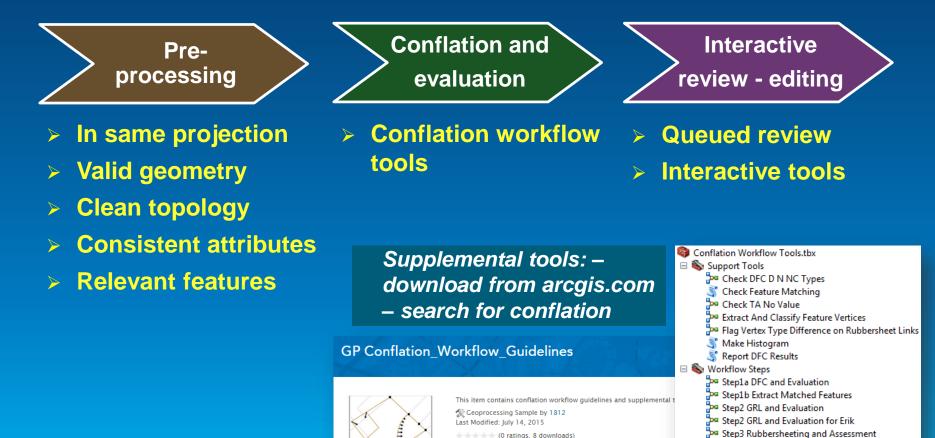


Options for connecting features



General conflation workflows

Three components



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Step4 TA and Evaluation

Step5 Append N For Final

Step6a GEL and Evaluation
Step6b Update Link Info
Step7 Edgematch

3. Conflation scenarios

Conflation plays essential roles in data harmonization

- For overlapping datasets
 - > Single task scenario
 - Comprehensive task scenario

For adjacent datasets

- For multi-scale datasets
 - Establishing links and transferring attributes
- For data updating
 - > Detecting feature changes

Overlapping datasets spatial adjustment Single task on parcel lines (DPW, LA Co.)

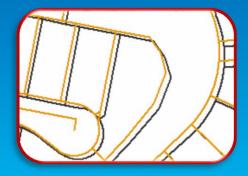
- Generate rubbersheet links, QA, and adjustment
- Estimated matching accuracy 93.84%

(a) Input parcels

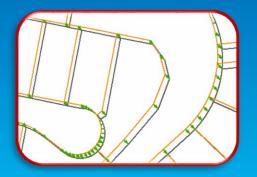




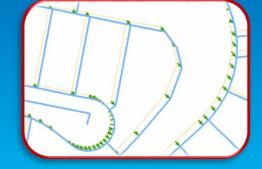
(b) Results of automated process with links and potential issues flagged



(c) Inputs enlarged



(d) Rubbersheet links

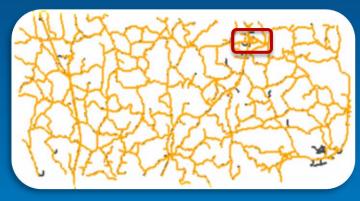


(e) Adjusted results

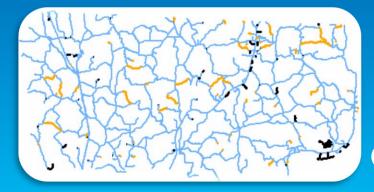
Overlapping datasets unification

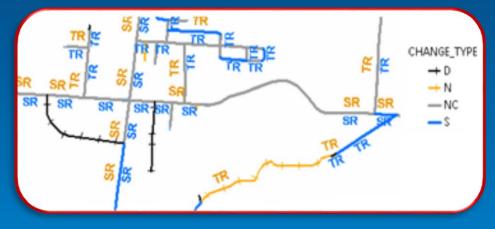
Comprehensive task on roads (ODOT)

- Five sub-workflows (automated and interactive QA)
- > Estimated matching accuracy 98.74%



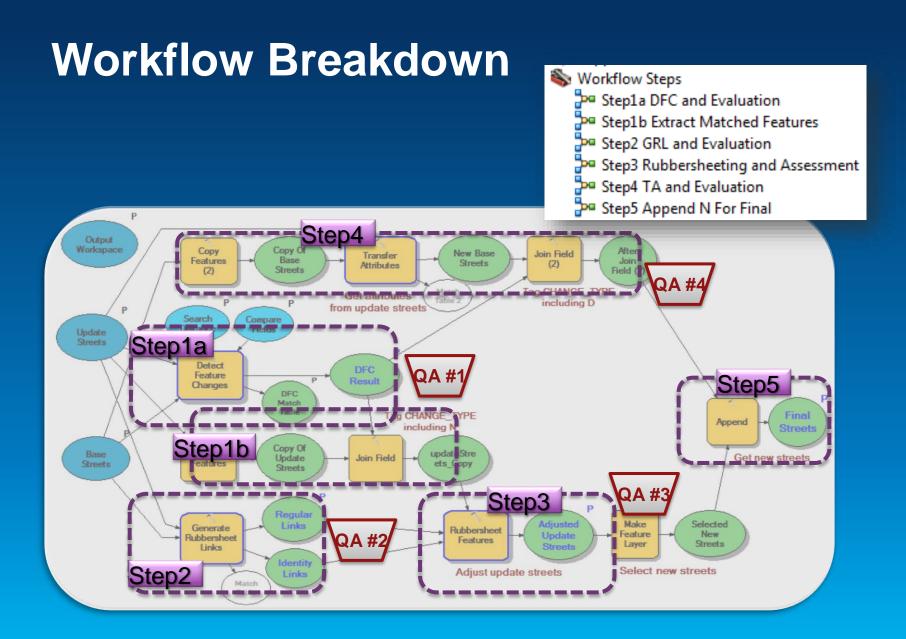
(a) Input road datasets



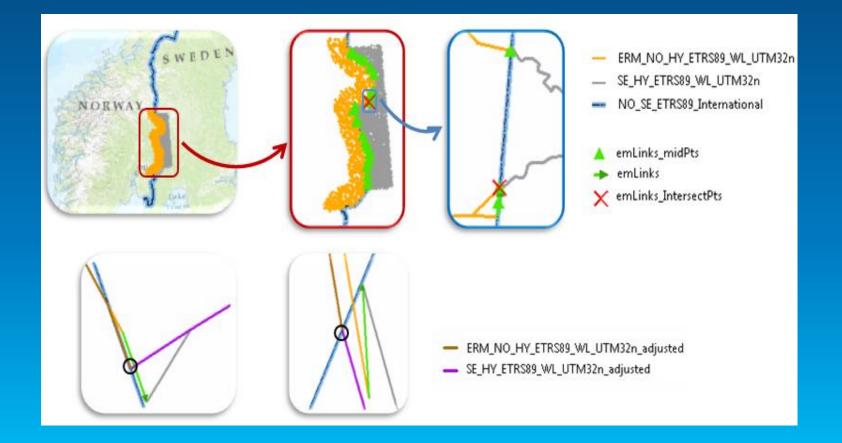


(b) Feature differences identified by DFC tool and transferred attributes

(c) Unified results



Adjacent datasets edgematching Cross-border (Norway-Sweden) hydro datasets (ELF) > Five sub-workflows (automated and interactive QA) > Estimated matching accuracy 95%

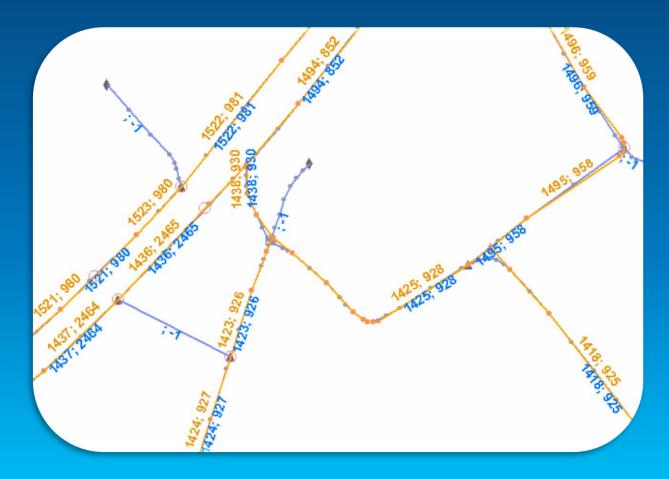


Edgematching workflow



Establishment of links for multi-scale data BT-5M and BT-25 roads (ICGC)

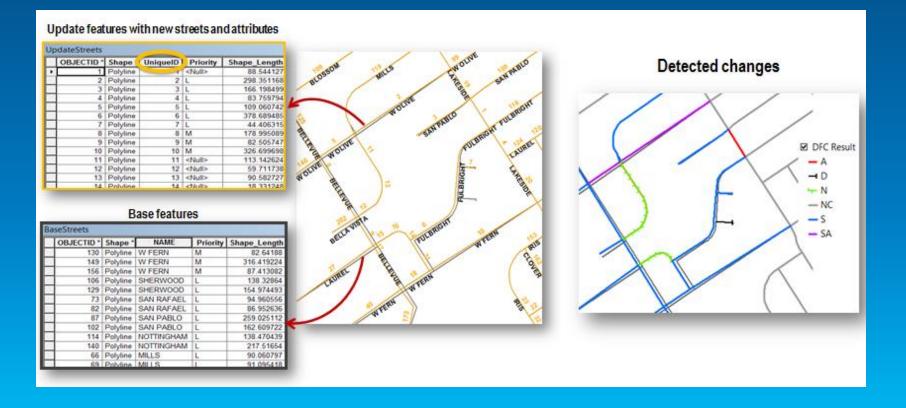
- > Match group IDs as links; attributes transferred 25k -> 5k
- Estimated matching accuracy 95%



Change detection and updating

Update and base streets (in-house test data)

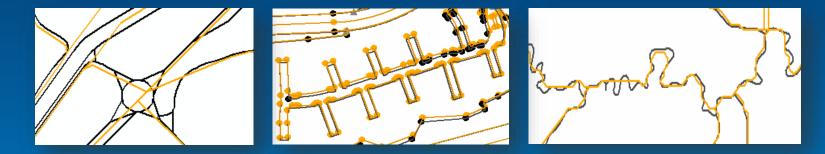
- > Unify spatial and attribute changes using workflows
- Propagate changes across scales through appropriate actions, e.g. generalization.



4. Work and research in progress

Feature matching enhancements

Pattern recognition and similarity analysis



Q: How can data modeling better support feature matching?

Optimization of workflows

- > Improvements on evaluation
- Integration of QA processes

Handling multi-theme data

 Cross-border features; features in context (spatially related features)

Q: How to describe and store interrelationships among them?

Research on potential hybrid approaches

- GPS, imagery, and lidar data accurate sources of ground truth
- Identification and extraction of target locations and features for conflation
- > Change detection and updating

5. Conclusions

Thanks to:

- Department of Public Works (DPW), Los Angeles County, USA.
- Institut Cartogràfic i Geològic de Catalunya (ICGC), Barcelona, Spain.
- Ohio State Department of Transportation, USA.
- National Institute for Water and Atmospheric Research (NIWA) and Land Information New Zealand (LINZ) - Crown Copyright Reserved.
- Resource Management Service, LLC, Birmingham, AL, USA.
- All others who supported us along the way.

5. Conclusions – cont.

It is important to keep data consistent and up-to-date

- Ensuring reliable analysis and high quality mapping
- Supporting multi-purpose applications and collaborations

Conflation tools and workflows help achieve the goals

- > Highly automated processes (accuracy ~ 85-95%)
- Manageable interactive inspections and editing
- Resulted in unified and streamlined quality data

We will continue working closely with NMAs and others

- Incorporating your feedback
- Improving conflation solutions to meet the challenges



Any comments or questions?

